

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Material name McCulloch 2-stroke oil Low Smoke

Recommended use 2-Stroke oil.

Version No. 01

CAS No. Mixture

Product code 577 61 64-02 (1L), 577 61 64-07 (0,1L), 531 02 48-02 (1L), 531 02 48-07 (0.1L)

Manufacturer

Supplier Husqvarna New Zealand Ltd

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**Emergency** Contact the Poisons Information Centre; Ph. 0800 764 766

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. Material is hazardous as defined by the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances NOHSC:1008.

Risk phrase(s) None.
Safety phrase(s) None.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS No.	Percent
Highly refined mineral oil (DMSO-extract < 3% IP 346)	-	> 40
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	10-<30
Polyolefin phenol	Polymer	1-<10

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in

percent by volume.

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician if symptoms develop or

persist.

Skin contact Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water. Continue to rinse for at

least 15 minutes. In case of rashes, wounds or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and bring along these instructions. If high pressure injection under the skin occurs, always seek

medical attention.

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open

eyelids wide apart. If irritation persists: Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Take along

these instructions.

**Ingestion** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting

occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get immediate medical

attention.

General advice Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves.

Notes to physician Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Droplets of the product aspirated

into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia. Symptoms may be delayed. HIGH PRESSURE SKIN INJECTION: Physician must be familiar with local procedures for treatment of this type of wound; incision, irrigation, removal of all necrotic tissue

and open wound dressing.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water fog.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

reasons

McCulloch 2-stroke oil Low Smoke
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MSDS Australia
1/4

Unusual fire & explosion

hazards

Heating will generate vapours which may form explosive vapour/air mixtures. Material will float and

can be re-ignited on surface of water.

Specific hazards

By heating and fire, irritating vapours/gases may be formed.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in

the workplace.

Specific methods

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened

containers. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.

Hazchem Code None

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). In case of spills, beware of slippery floors and surfaces. Avoid breathing mist or vapour. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in section 8 of this safety data sheet.

**Environmental precautions** 

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

Containment procedures

Remove sources of ignition. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled

material, where this is possible.

Methods for cleaning up

Large Spills: Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product

and place into a container for later disposal. Wash area with soap and water.

Small Spills: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Heating will generate vapours which may form explosive vapour/air mixtures. Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid breathing mists or vapours. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Be aware of potential for surfaces to become slippery. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Storage

Keep away from ignition, flame and heat sources. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials. Store locked up.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
OIL MIST (MINERAL) (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

Australia. National Workplace OELs (Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, Appendix A)

Components Type Value

OIL MIST (MINERAL) (CASTWA5 mg/m3

-)

Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
OIL MIST (MINERAL) (CAS	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
-1			

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

Additional exposure dataNo exposure limits noted for ingredient(s).

Engineering measures Provide adequate ventilation and minimise the risk of inhalation of vapours. Use explosion-proof

equipment. Provide easy access to water supply and eye wash facilities.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of oil mist, suitable respiratory equipment with particulate filter and organic vapor cartridges can be used. Wear air-supplied mask in confined

areas. Seek advice from local supervisor.

Hand protection Wear protective gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended, but be aware that the liquid may

penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the

glove supplier.

Eye protection Risk of contact: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

Environmental manager must be informed of all major spillages.

Hygiene measures Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material

and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Private clothes and working clothes should be kept

separately.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

AppearanceBlue liquid.Physical stateLiquid.FormLiquid.ColourBlue.

Odour Organic solvents. Not available. **Odour threshold** Not available pН Vapour pressure Not available Vapour density Not available Not available. **Boiling point** Melting point/freezing point Not available. Solubility (water) Negligible.

Flash point > 75.0 °C (> 167.0 °F) (ASTM D 92)

Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume

Not available.

Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

**Viscosity** 48 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Other data

Explosive properties

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not available.

Not applicable.

Not oxidizing.

Oxidizing properties
Relative density

0.867 (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid Heat, sparks, flames, elevated temperatures. Contact with incompatible materials.

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

By heating and fire, irritating vapours/gases may be formed. Carbon oxides.

Hazardous polymerisation Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity May irritate and cause stomach pain, vomiting, diarrhoea and nausea. Human evidence indicates

that the product has very low acute oral, dermal or inhalation toxicity. However, it can produce severe injury if taken into the lung as a liquid, and there may be profound central nervous system

depression following prolonged exposure to high levels of vapour.

**Routes of exposure** Inhalation. Eyes. Skin. Ingestion.

**Toxicological information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Chronic toxicity Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause

respiratory tract irritation.

Sensitisation No data available.

Carcinogenicity Not classified.

**Mutagenicity**No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Reproductivity** No data available.

Symptoms and target organs Irritating and may cause redness and pain. Defatting of the skin. Dermatitis. May cause eye

irritation on direct contact. Ingestion may cause irritation and malaise. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. In high concentrations, mists/vapors may irritate throat and respiratory

system and cause coughing. May cause redness and pain.

**Further information** Prolonged and repeated contact with used oil may cause serious skin diseases, such as

dermatitis and skin cancer.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. **Ecotoxicity** 

Persistence and degradability Expected to biodegrade slowly.

Mobility The product is insoluble in water. It will spread on the water surface while some of the components

will eventually sediment in water systems. The volatile components of the product will spread in the

atmosphere.

Bioaccumulation The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

Oil spills are generally hazardous to the environment. Other adverse effects

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal instructions** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. This material and/or its container must be

disposed of as hazardous waste.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **ADG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### **IMDG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**Hazchem Code** None

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulations This Material Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with the Australia National Code of

Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets (NOHSC: 2011.) No poison schedule

Listed.

Australia HVIC: Listed substance

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Highly refined mineral oil (DMSO-extract < 3% IP 346)

Listed. (CAS -)

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Recommended use 2-Stroke oil.

**Recommended restrictions** Use in accordance with supplier's recommendations.

**Bibliography** HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

Disclaimer The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.

Prepared by Husqvarna AB Issue date 15-November-2013

**Revision date** 

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